

# American Delegation May Force Showdown With Russia on Veto



## Stettinius Asks Truman for Decision; French Promise Support

San Francisco — (AP) — France would go along with the United States in event of a showdown between this country and Russia on the veto issue at the United Nations Conference, chairman Joseph Paul Boncour of the French delegation said today.

Any break between the United States and Russia would be agonizing to the French delegations, Boncour said in an interview, but France would vote with America, however reluctantly.

Another French delegate, commenting on this possibility, said "It would be very annoying but we would support the Americans. . . . We have been with the Americans all along on this point." France and Russia have a 20-year alliance.

Paul Boncour declared that should the Soviet and the United States run counter in the veto question voting, the American position would be upheld 45 to 5, with Russia, the Ukraine, White Russia, Yugoslavia, and Czechoslovakia in the minority.

### Looks to Truman

U. S. Secretary of State Stettinius was looking today to the White House for a decision on whether a showdown with Russia should be forced on the right of the discussion in a world security conference.

Stettinius was caught in a sharp division of American opinion here.

The outcome depends on what happens overnight in Moscow. Premier Stalin has been asked to reconsider his Government's recent statement to the Big Five at the United Nations Conference that any big power in the council should be able to veto discussion of any problem.

It is the conflict between this, and an American-sponsored statement accepted by Britain, France, and China, which has deadlocked the conference on the whole veto issue. Rapid progress has been made on other questions, including approval of much peace-enforcement machinery.

### Early Decision

American officials hope that a Moscow decision will be forthcoming promptly. It could speed the work of the conference committees on remaining problems and possibly permit a windup by June 15.

Even more they hope that Stalin will agree there is no need for a veto on the right to discuss. But a hot debate has been raging over what to do if Russia reaffirms its stand.



Cpl. Keith Becker

## KEITH BECKER KILLED MAY 9

## Word Received Today That Marshfield Corporal Died On Okinawa

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Becker, 409 W. Fifth street, received word this morning of the loss of their second son in World War II as the War Department reported that T/4 Keith Becker, 20, met death in action on Okinawa May 9.

Mr. and Mrs. Becker had four sons in service. Robert Becker, signalman 3/c, U. S. Navy, was killed in Sicily on July 10, 1943. T/5 Donald Becker is serving on Saipan and Sgt. Byron Becker, a veteran of the New Guinea campaign, is now in Mississippi.

This morning's War Department telegram was signed by Adj. Gen. J. A. Ulio and advised that a confirming letter would follow.

### Enters Army in 1943

Raymond Keith Becker was born in Marshfield on Nov. 30, 1924. He attended the public schools and was graduated from the Senior High School with the class of 1943. He entered the service—**BECKER**—Page 6

## CHURCHILL REFUTES CHARGE OF ENEMY

# NAZI FRONTIERS SET WAY BACK

June 5  
1945

## United States Will Govern Southwestern Portion Of Germany

## COUNTRY IS DISARMED

Washington — (AP) — Germany's frontiers were rolled back to the boundaries of Dec. 31, 1937 today in a joint occupation statement by the Allied powers.

The statement, setting up occupation zones for the United States, Great Britain, France, and Russia, recreates the German nation as it was before Hitler's annexation of Austria and Czechoslovakia. The declaration was made simultaneously in Washington, Moscow, London, and Paris.

No announcement was made regarding a joint control arrangement for Austria, which is expected to be set up in the fairly near future. Treatment of Austria presumably will be tempered by the Moscow declaration of 1943 which looked toward a restoration of Austrian freedom, depending upon Austrian efforts in behalf of their own liberation.

### Renner Government

The Austrian situation is complicated by the recent establishment of the Renner Government in Vienna behind Red Army lines, which has not yet been contacted by representatives of Britain, the United States, and France.

Nor was there any clarification of what is to be done in Czechoslovakia, which is partly occupied by Russian troops on the east and American troops in the west. The Czech Government, a member of the United Nations, has returned to its capital at Prague, east of the Red Army occupation frontier.

An American diplomatic mission reached Prague only last week.

Final settlement of Czech boundaries is considered a matter to be decided at a peace conference.

With Germany's unconditional surrender, the statement said, there no longer is any central government or authority there capable of accepting responsibility for the maintenance of order, the administration of the country, and compliance with the requirements of the victorious powers.

### Zones Allotted

"It is in these circumstances necessary, without prejudice to any subsequent decisions that may be taken respecting Germany," the pronouncement went on, "to make provision for the cessation of any further hostilities on the part of the German armed forces, for the maintenance of

ODAY —Among today's military appointments, Joseph McFarlane, Jr., and Mrs. J. Magee Street, appointee of the Murray of the Mc Donald n Marshfield attended St. for two years West Point. This year he attending of cadet graduation, he commission in

MAY PASSED

Command Ant- of Envel- vement

RE MOOSA

—The Chinese today Chinese uttering an envelop- against Japanese, former site of Force base, and the west. was reported in elo on the high- Indo-China, 70 of Liuchow. and announced Kweishien, im- the West River in angsi Province, southeast of Liu-

on a surrender were announced simultaneously.

#### Disarm Country

In addition to trimming Germany down to pre-Anschluss size, she is disarmed, her ships and communications made forfeit to Allied control, her planes grounded, and her war factories placed at Allied disposal.

Cohesion of the four-power control council in matters affecting Germany as a whole was provided for as follows:

"In the period when Germany is carrying out the basic requirements of unconditional surrender, supreme authority in Germany will be exercised, on instructions from their governments, by the Soviet, British, United States, and French commanders-in-chief, each in his own zone of occupation, and also jointly, in matters affecting Germany as a whole. The four commanders-in-chief will together constitute the control council. Each commander-in-chief will be assisted by a political adviser.

"The control council, whose decisions shall be unanimous, will ensure appropriate uniformity of action by the commanders-in-chief in their respective zones of occupation and will reach agreed decisions on the chief questions affecting Germany as a whole."

A declaration of requirements arising out of Germany's unconditional surrender was signed in Berlin today. The declaration, signed by representatives of the four powers, said that Germany bears responsibility for the war, and, having been defeated completely, "has become subject to such requirements as may now or hereafter be imposed upon her."

The declaration then laid down the provisions covering the end of hostilities by German forces, maintenance of order and administration of the country, and the immediate requirements with which Germany has to comply.

German labor in plants and records or other useful information are to be furnished to the Allies upon demand.

#### LLOYD GEORGE LEAVES NOTHING TO ELDER SON

London — (AP) — The will of Earl David Lloyd George divided his

Jap fire and bringing back a wounded comrade.

Navy Yeoman Harlow J. Schutt of Little Valley, N. Y., who made a 2,000-mile trip to the Normandy beachhead and D-Day aboard a Liberty ship loaded with explosives and sunk to form a breakwater.

The group will tell the theater audience of their experiences.

## BECKER

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

vice in July of that year. He received his first promotion a month after entering the Army and his corporal's rating in two months.

Cpl. Becker who had been overseas more than a year, took part in the Leyte invasion and on last Easter Sunday landed on Okinawa, where he was stationed until the time of his death.

The last letter received by his parents was dated May 6 and was written on Okinawa. A brother, Ronald, of Menasha, received a letter from him dated May 7.

#### Services Planned

Memorial services for the Marshfield corporal will be held, but final arrangements were not completed today. An announcement of the service will be made later.

Cpl. Becker is survived by his parents and four sisters, Mrs. Lawrence Zimbauer, Stevens Point; Mrs. Anthony Leggio, Milwaukee; Marion Becker, Marshfield; and Helen Becker, Stevens Point; five brothers, Ronald of Menasha; T/5 Donald Becker, Saipan; Bert of Marshfield; Jack of Marquette, Mich., and Sgt. Byron Becker, Mississippi, and by his grandmother, Mrs. Alex Cattanaach. A son-in-law of the Beckers, Anthony Leggio, seaman first class, is with the Navy in the Pacific area.

#### CHURCH BOARD MEETING SLATED AT GREENWOOD

Greenwood — The regular meeting of the official board of Grace Methodist Church will meet at the parsonage tonight (June 5) at 8 o'clock.

The Ladies Aid Society of Trondhjem Lutheran Church will