



Plywood and Plastic Shanties of Resurrection City are dismantled Monday, clearing the campground of the Poor People's Campaign. The slogan "black power" is painted on one of the shanties. (Story on Page A-2) (AP Wirephoto)

## Johnson Picks Fortas As New Chief Justice

### Announces Resignation By Warren

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Johnson announced today his acceptance of the resignation of Chief Justice Earl Warren and the selection of Justice Abe Fortas to replace Warren.

And Johnson told a news conference he was nominating Homer Thornberry of Austin, Tex., former congressman and now a judge on the U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit, to the Supreme Court seat from which Fortas will move up.

Johnson wound up the news conference by picking up a pen and signing the nominations for Fortas and Thornberry before sending them on the way to the Senate for confirmation.

#### Reads Letter

He read Chief Justice Warren's resignation of June 13 saying that he was leaving only for reasons of age. He is 77.

Johnson wrote back today saying he would accept Warren's decision to retire at the time his successor is qualified.

"You have won for yourself," Johnson told Warren, "the esteem of your fellow citizens. You have served your nation with exceptional distinction and deserve the nation's gratitude."

"Under your leadership, the Supreme Court of the United States has once again demonstrated the vitality of this nation's institutions and their capacity to meet with vigor and strength the challenge of changing times. The court has acted to achieve justice, fairness and equality before the law for all people."

Justice Fortas reached his 58th birthday June 19. He and Johnson have been friends and associates from New Deal days, back in the 1930s.

Lake Warren, he is considered a liberal.

#### Replaced Goldberg

The President put Fortas on the Supreme Court in 1965 when he asked Arthur J. Goldberg to leave the bench to become U.S. ambassador to the United Nations.

Since word leaked out last week that Warren had notified Johnson he wished to leave the nation's top judicial post, speculation had pointed for the most part to Fortas. And it also centered on Thornberry to get a Supreme Court appointment.

Thornberry is 59 and was a member of Congress from Texas for 14 years before Johnson named him a U.S. District judge for Western Texas, and then in

### Killed in Action

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Defense Department announced Tuesday the names of three Wisconsin servicemen killed in action in the Vietnam War. They are: Army Pfc. Robert G. Zink, son of Mrs. Catherine D. Zink, Stevens Point, Marine Lance Cpl. Frank J. Strand, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Strand, rural Junction City, and Marine Pfc. Patrick A. Connelly, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ward Connelly, Green Bay.

### Australian Newsmen Reports:

## Hanoi Might Accept Neutral South

HONG KONG (AP) — Australian journalist Willred Burchett was quoted today as saying Hanoi would be willing to accept a politically neutralized South Vietnam in order to end the Vietnam war.

Burchett has long reported on events in Communist nations from which most non-Communist newsmen are barred. He advanced the neutrality theme in an interview with the Paris correspondent of the Far Eastern Economic Review, a weekly magazine.

President Nguyen Van Thieu's government, like previous Saigon administrations, opposes the idea of neutralization of the country.

#### Underground Alliance

Burchett's reasoning as set forth in the magazine is that North Vietnam was looking toward neutralization of the South in supporting and emphasizing the importance of the Alliance of National Democratic and Peace Loving Forces in South Vietnam.

This is an underground political agency whose birth was proclaimed in Hanoi broadcasts shortly after the outset of the Viet Cong Tet offensive Jan. 30.

Burchett, who has written several books and a number of articles on North Vietnam, is reputedly on close terms with Hanoi's political and military leaders.

"It is very important," Burchett was quoted as saying "to note that from the creation of the alliance, the leaders of the (Viet Cong) National Liberation Front and the

head (Xuan Thuy) of the North Vietnamese delegation to the Paris peace talks no longer refer to the NLF as the only authentic representative of the South Vietnamese people.

"The alliance, from the moderate nature of its program, is clearly an organization which could be more attractive to the United States than the NLF, and seems to contain the nucleus of some form of coalition of nationalist and neutralist forces."

Burchett said complete withdrawal of the U.S. military

forces and political presence in South Vietnam was and would remain an absolute North Vietnamese condition for ending the war, but then went on to say he considered a neutralized South Vietnam would be acceptable to North Vietnam.

"I don't think that the North Vietnamese are interested in creating conditions in which it is inevitable that there is some Communist-oriented government in South Vietnam," he added.

"This is something they would certainly prefer, but in

the interest of bringing about the end of the long struggle for independence, they are prepared to settle for a type of government which is entirely acceptable to the West, to the South Vietnamese and to the East as well ...

"The program of the alliance, for example, lays particular stress on economic relations with the West as well as with the Eastern countries. The alliance's concept of neutrality goes quite far and obviously means an indefinite postponement of reunification with the North"

## Largest Ever Cache of Heroin Seized by Federal Agents

WASHINGTON (AP) — Federal agents have seized \$224 million worth of heroin—the largest single seizure of the drug in the nation's history—in an automobile in New York City, Atty. Gen. Ramsey Clark said today.

Clark said the 112 kilograms of pure heroin was discovered in a hidden compartment in a foreign automobile which had been shipped to New York City from France.

Clark said a 63-year-old naturalized U.S. citizen was arrested in New York City and four Frenchmen were captured in Paris in connection with the seizure. All were charged with conspiracy to violate U.S. or French narcotic laws.

Henry L. Giordano, associate director of the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, said the seizure followed an investigation that lasted several months and involved the close cooperation of the Central Narcotic Bureau of France, U.S. Customs and New York City and New York State police.

The American citizen charged was Arthur Benvenuto of New

York City. The Justice Department said he was arrested April 6 near Pier 88 in New York City. He could be sentenced to 20 years in prison under provisions of the Import-Export Act under which he's been charged.

The Justice Department identified the four Frenchmen arrested during the past two days in Paris as: Jacques Bousquet, 55; Andre Malibert, 39; Rena Guigi, 47, and Paul Mestressat, 47.

The previous record haul of heroin—a narcotic drug—was 102 kilograms seized in 1960 in New York City. Maurizio Rosal, Guatemalan ambassador to the Netherlands and Belgium, was arrested in that case. Convicted, he was sentenced to 15 years in prison. He is now in Atlanta penitentiary.

Giordano said the record seizure was made April 25, but was kept quiet until the four Frenchmen had been arrested. The investigation is continuing.

The heroin was concealed in several compartments of a French Citroen imported to New York. One of the plastic containers was in the trunk area and another in the gas tank area and another under the front seat.

Giordano said the 112 kilos would represent a 30-day supply for every heroin addict in the country—and he estimated the number at 60,000.

## Wetness

Fox Cities — Windy with light rain or drizzle tonight and possible rain Thursday.

Low tonight near 55, high Thursday near 65. Wind, northeast at 14-22 m.p.h. In night and Thursday. Precipitation probability, 50 per cent tonight and 20 per cent Thursday.

Appleton — Observations at 10 a.m. for the preceding 24 hours: high, 64; low, 51. Barometer, 29.76 and falling. Wind, east-northeast at 16 m.p.h. gusting to 25 m.p.h. Humidity, 94 per cent. Precipitation, 2.12 inches. Sunset tonight at 8:42 p.m., sunrise tomorrow at 5:11 a.m. Moonset tonight at 9:56 p.m. First Quarter July 3.

### Tidal Wave for Liberals

## Canadian Votes Give Mandate to Trudeau

TORONTO (AP) — It was a slide triumph that was good for Trudeau tidal wave, and it gave his party a clear-cut mandate to rule Canada with a strength no party has enjoyed in six years.

In Tuesday's election Pierre Elliott Trudeau, who entered politics only three years ago, led his Liberals to the biggest victory any party has scored since John Diefenbaker's prime Diefenbaker in 1958 spearheaded the Conservatives to a land-

Trudeau on assuming the prime ministry vowed to improve his party's standing. As the leading party, even lacking a majority, the Liberals could call an election at a time they thought advantageous. Trudeau and his aides judged this a good time, and the bet paid off.

How did he do it? There is no question of Trudeau's personal appeal, evidenced in the reaction of happy throngs that greeted him on the campaign trail across the country. But as the campaign progressed he also showed himself a pragmatic and tough politician. He said the right things and made no big promises.

#### No Special Deal

Though a native of Quebec, he didn't give an inch to those Quebecers who want a special deal for that dominantly French-speaking province, or even to split off from Canada. There is one Canada, Trudeau said, and that's the way it's going to be.

At the last minute, when Quebec separatists rioted in Montreal and hurled a bottle past the prime minister, he didn't flinch.

In contrast, the Conservatives, though also under new leadership, never caught popular fancy. Robert Stanfield, the Nova Scotian who replaced Diefenbaker last year, said as the returns rolled in that he had known 24 hours earlier that his party was beaten.

Stanfield is 54, only six years older than Trudeau, but to most Canadians, it appeared, his and the Tories' ideas were old-hat or at least not good enough.

The election was for 264 seats, with each citizen voting only for a legislator in his own district. Thus Trudeau's name was on the ballot only in a Montreal district, but voters nationwide knew whom they were supporting when they voted Liberal.

Complete unofficial tabulations showed the Liberals were sure of 154 seats—a majority of 22—and the Conservatives 71. The New Democratic Party took 23 seats but their veteran leader, T.C. "Tommy" Douglas, lost in a close British Columbia race to Liberal Ray Perrault. The Creditistes of Quebec won 15 seats, and an independent 1.

Preliminary figures on the nationwide popular vote showed the Liberals won 46 per cent, the Conservatives 31, with the rest scattered.

Congratulating party workers, Trudeau said he expects to convene the new Parliament in September to act on a "forward-looking and constructive program."

The new Parliament will include its first Negro, Lincoln Alexander, a 46-year-old lawyer from Hamilton, Ont. He ran under the Conservative banner, and said youth power, exemplified by 500 youthful supporters, won the election for him.

"Prime Minister Trudeau wasn't the only one with charisma," he observed

## Hanoi Accused of Record Infiltrations

### Vance, Thuy Meet in Paris; Positive Results Are Lacking

PARIS (AP) — The United States accused North Vietnam today of pushing troop infiltration into South Vietnam to a record high of 29,000 men during May and said "an abnormally high rate of infiltration" is indicated by evidence for June.

Ambassador Cyrus R. Vance told Ambassador Xuan Thuy of North Vietnam the United States is "prepared to cease bombardment" of North Vietnam but cannot do so when the North has "intensified its war effort" at the very time the United States tried to de-

escalate. Thuy accused Vice President Hubert H. Humphrey of trying to create confusion and mislead world opinion over the bombing question by suggesting recently that an immediate cease-fire should be established in Vietnam. Lack of progress in the Paris peace talks to date, he said, is due to "the position of aggression of the United States and their quibbling attitude."

"Proper Basis" — "We are very serious about these negotiations," Vance told Thuy. "We want them to succeed."

"We think there is a proper basis for peace in Southeast Asia that conforms to the legitimate interests of all the countries of that area, and that we and others should move steadily toward it."

Vance said of the U.S. position: "We are prepared to cease bombardment at the appropriate time and circumstances. Our fundamental premise is that North Vietnam must not improve its military position as a result of the cessation of bombardment by the United States."

Thuy replied, according to his spokesman, with a new demand that all attacks on the North stop immediately without any military reciprocity by the North Vietnamese forces. He said then other peacemaking

### Bones Said to Be St. Peter's

#### Pontiff Confirms Identity of Relics Unearthed in 1950

VATICAN CITY (AP) — Pope Paul VI announced today that the Vatican has conclusively determined that mortal remains found under St. Peter's Basilica are those of the Apostle revered by the Roman Catholic Church as its first pope.

"The relics of St. Peter have been identified in a convincing manner," the 70-year-old pontiff told his weekly general audience.

The tomb of St. Peter was located in 1950 under the Altar of Confession of the basilica. Pope Pius XII announced then that bones had been found in it but that it was not proven they were St. Peter's. Some archeologists claimed they belonged to an old woman.

"Very patient and accurate investigations were made... with results which we believe positive, encouraged by the judgment of worthy and prudent competent persons," Pope Paul said.

It was not known what scientific tests were used to determine that the bones were St. Peter's. According to tradition, St. Peter spent his last years in Rome and died in the year 64 or 65.

### Chicago's Blackstone Rangers

## Junior Black Mafia or Just a Bunch of Kids?

By MARGARET SCHERF  
CHICAGO (AP) — Dusk drops over 63rd Street. And under the elevated train track, in the neon-lit pools before the barred store windows, the Blackstone Rangers gather.

They lounge in front of the liquor stores, passing cigarettes and wine bottles. They cluster in the pool halls, playing poker and shooting pool. Sometimes they shoot each other.

Who are the Blackstone Rangers?

Are they the big-time operators who reportedly shelled out \$36,000 from the gang treasury to buy "enough marijuana to turn on the whole of Cook County?"

Are they just graffiti artists who delight in scrawling their "mighty Blackstone Rangers"

war cry over every foot of wall and sidewalk in their South Side neighborhood?

Are the Blackstone Rangers a junior Negro mafia or just a bunch of trouble-prone but reform-minded kids?

A Senate subcommittee is seeking the answers to these questions. And it has heard testimony supporting these descriptions during its investigation into a \$927,341 grant to the gang by the Office of Economic Opportunity.

"Let's face it, these gangs have turned into the black Mafia of Chicago, selling dope, prostitution, and engaging in extortion or doing anything for a buck," Warden Winston Moore of the Cook County jail told the subcommittee Moore is a Negro.

"They are a community organization of great influ-

ence and promise. They have used their organization to reduce violence and to create order in an otherwise chaotic environment," the Rev. John R. Fry, white pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, testified before the subcommittee.

The Blackstone Rangers were organized six years ago by a small group of Negro youths who hung around the corner of Blackstone Avenue and 63rd Street, Sgt. Timothy Daly, acting commander of the Chicago Police Department's gang intelligence unit, said Tuesday.

He estimated the gang's membership at between 600 and 800 youths, ranging in age from 8 to 25. Of these, he said only about 100 older high-school dropouts are hard-core Rangers.

—Despite this, there have

been 29 fatal shootings in Woodlawn this year attributed to warfare between the Rangers and the East Side Disciples, a rival gang.

The South Side turf of the Rangers—they call it their "hood"—has had no riots. A peace meeting among leaders of both gangs took place after the shooting of Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. The West Side was in flames at the time.

But, although the South Side escaped the looting and burning that scourged the West Side, some observers asserted it was the Rangers' cupidly rather than their peace-loving nature which kept the lid on. There were charges they extracted payoffs of up to \$125 a week from South Side businessmen in return for protection.



Signs of the Blackstone Rangers, a Chicago neighborhood gang being investigated by a Senate subcommittee, mark a South Side building, showing that this is Ranger territory. (AP Wirephoto)